Decision notice approval

Section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under s63 Planning Act 2016

PLEASE QUOTE: DBW19/0002

YOUR REFERENCE:

- OUR REFERENCE: NB:MP1901301024
- ENQUIRIES TO: Planning Services

30 January 2019

Tim Porter PO Box 124 MOURILYAN QLD 4858

Via email: melindameech@gmail.com

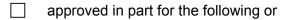
Dear Sir

DBW19/0002 - Development application for Building Work Assessable Against a Planning Scheme for an Oversize Class 10a Shed including Boundary Setback Dispensation on land described as Lot 122 on SP241468, situated at 10 Horsford Road, New Harbourline

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 21 January 2019 and confirm the following details.

I wish to advise that, on 29 January 2019 the above development application was -

approved in full or



- approved in full with conditions. The conditions of this approval are set out in Attachment 1. These conditions are clearly identified to indicate whether the assessment manager or a concurrence agency imposed them or
- approved in part for the following, with conditions

The conditions of this approval are set out in **Attachment 1**. These conditions are clearly identified to indicate whether the assessment manager or a concurrence agency imposed them.

Approval under s64(5)

This application is \Box / is not \boxtimes taken to have been approved (a deemed approval) under section 64(5) of the Planning Act 2016.





1. Details of the approval

The following approvals are given:

| | Planning Regulation 2017 reference | Development Permit | Preliminary Approval |
|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval - building work assessable under the planning scheme - plumbing or drainage work - material change of use - reconfiguring a lot - operational work | | | |

2. Conditions

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. Further development permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

• Building Permit

4. Other requirements under section 43 of the Planning Regulation

4.(a) Building work under section 43 (c) of the Planning Regulation

The classification OR proposed classification of the building OR parts of the building under the Building code are as follows:

Class 10a

5. Approved plans and documents

| Plan/Document number | Plan/Document name | Date |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Plan No. 170317-A06 | Site Plan | Dated: No date Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |
| Job No. 18685 Drawing No. 3 of 10 | 03 Framing Elevations | Dated: Dec 2018 Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |
| Job No. 18685 Drawing No. 4 of 10 | 04 Elevations | Dated: Dec 2018 Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |

6. Currency period for the approval (s.85)

The currency period for the development approval (Building work assessable against a Planning Scheme) shall be two (2) years starting the day the approval is granted or takes effect. In accordance with Section 85 of the Planning Act 2016 (PA), the development approval for Building work assessable against a Planning Scheme lapses if the building work under the approval is not complete within the abovementioned currency period.

An applicant may request Council to extend the currency period provided that such request is made in accordance with Section 86 of PA and before the development approval lapses under Section 85 of PA.

7. Appeal rights

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the Planning Act 2016. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the Planning Act 2016).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the Planning Act 2016.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter regarding this decision.

If you wish to discuss this matter further, please contact Planning Services on Ph: (07) 4030 2241.

Yours faithfully

Manfred Boldy DIRECTOR PLANNING & REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Attachment 1—Conditions of the approval

Part 1—Conditions imposed by the assessment manager

1. <u>Proposal</u>: That the development be undertaken generally in accordance with the application, documentation and plans in the table below, accepted by Council on 21 January 2019, all relating to Development Application - DBW19/0002, except where varied by the following conditions.

| Plan/Drawing Number | Plan Name | Date |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Plan No. 170317-A06 | Site Plan | Dated: No date Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |
| Job No. 18685 Drawing No. 3 of 10 | 03 Framing Elevations | Dated: Dec 2018 Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |
| Job No. 18685 Drawing No. 4 of 10 | 04 Elevations | Dated: Dec 2018 Accepted by Council 21/01/19 |

- 2. <u>Timing of Effect:</u> The conditions of the Development Permit must be complied with prior to the commencement of use, except where specified otherwise in these conditions of approval.
- 3. <u>Setbacks</u>: The applicant/owner is to ensure that the shed (Class 10a) is located a minimum distance of 3 metres from the southern side boundary as per Plan No. 170317-A06 measuring from the outermost projection of the structure (including the fascia and guttering), to the satisfaction of the Director Planning and Regional Development.
- 4. <u>Building Class:</u> The shed (Class 10a) is approved as a non-habitable building or structure and must remain so at all times, to the requirements and satisfaction of the Director Planning and Regional Development.
- 5. <u>Stormwater Discharge:</u> The applicant/owner must ensure that the flow of all external stormwater from the property is directed to a lawful point of discharge, such that stormwater does not adversely affect surrounding properties to the requirements and satisfaction of the Director Planning and Regional Development.

Assessment Manager's Advice

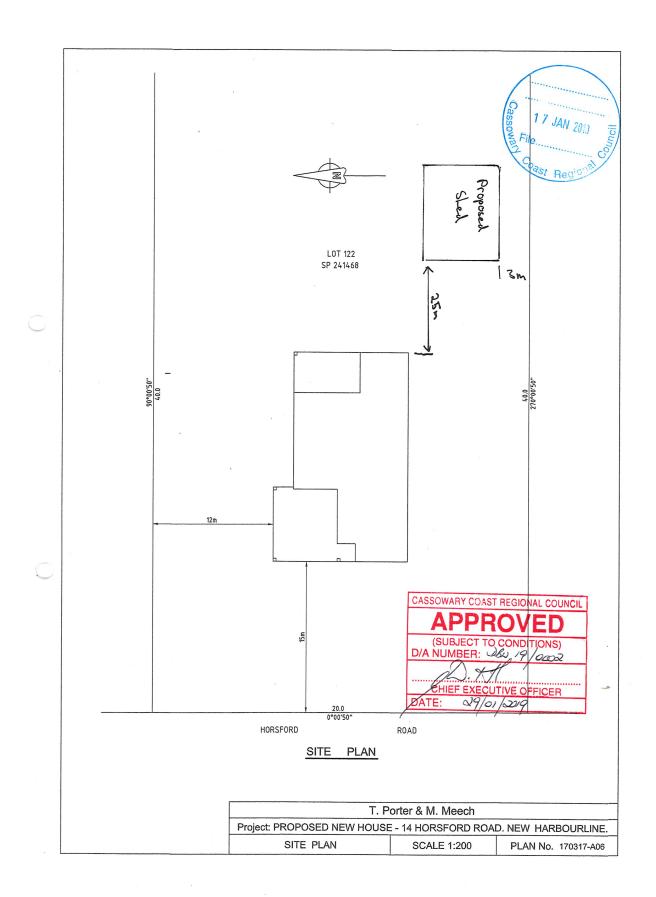
a) <u>Currency Period</u>: The currency period for the development approval (Building work assessable against a Planning Scheme) shall be two (2) years starting the day the approval is granted or takes effect. In accordance with Section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016 (PA)*, the development approval for Building work assessable against a Planning Scheme lapses if the building work under the approval is not complete within the abovementioned currency period.

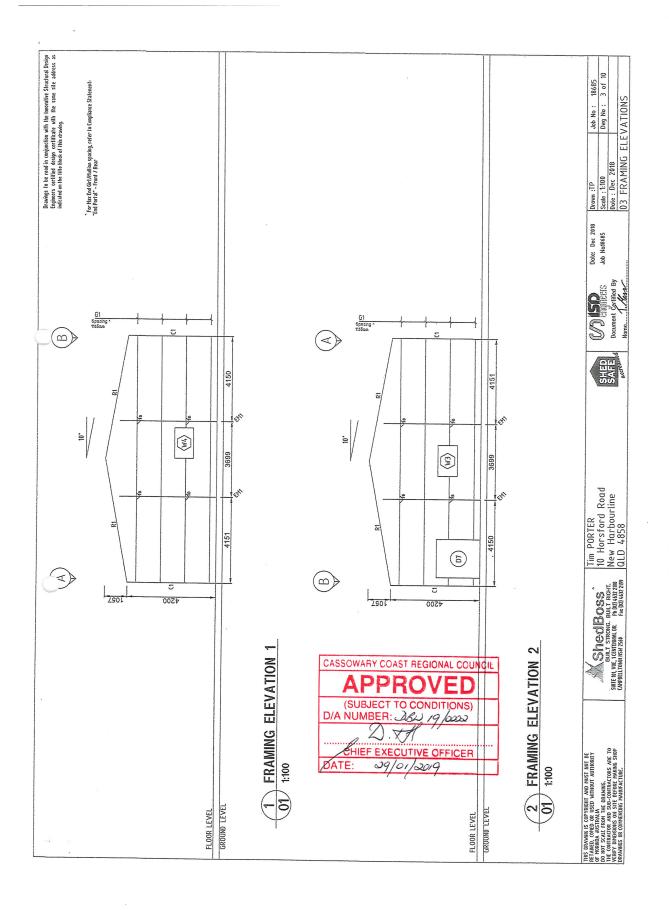
An applicant may request Council to extend the currency period provided that such request is made in accordance with Section 86 of *PA* and before the development approval lapses under Section 85 of *PA*.

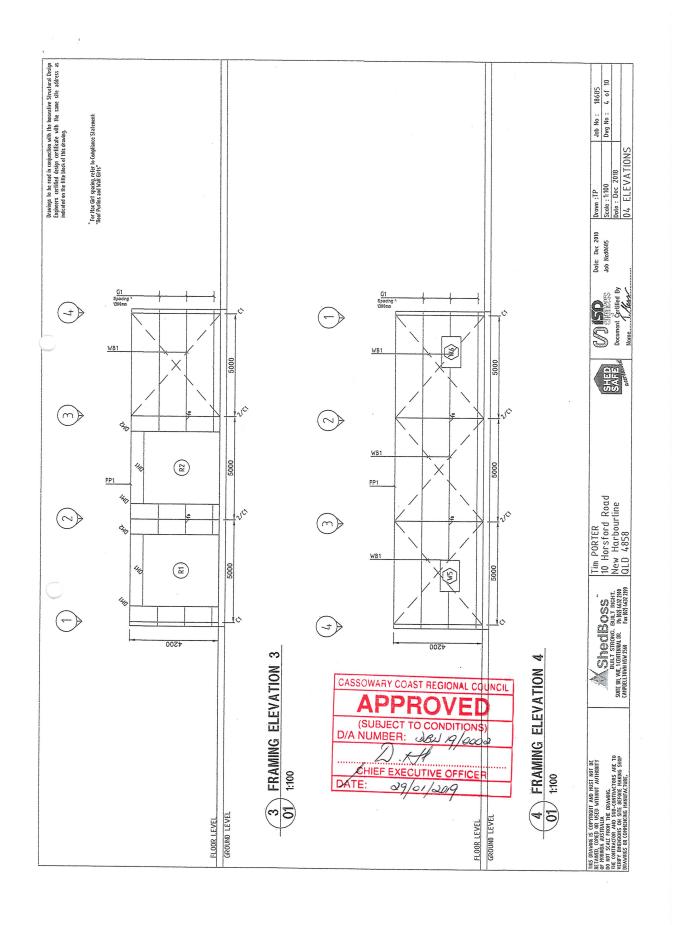
b) <u>Required Approvals:</u> A Development approval for Building works will be required, with a permit for these works issued prior to any works commencing.

- c) <u>Cultural Heritage</u>: The applicant/owner is to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act and in particular 'the duty of care' that it imposes all landowners, developers and the alike.
- d) <u>Engineering Works</u>: The applicant/owner is to ensure that the engineering works involved in the proposed development are designed and constructed in accordance with the FNQROC Development Manual.
- e) <u>Environmental Nuisance</u>: The Environmental Protection Act 1994 states that a person must not carry out any activity that causes, or is likely to cause, environmental harm unless the person takes all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the harm. Environmental harm includes environmental nuisance. In this regard persons and entities, involved in the civil, earthworks and construction phases of this development, are to adhere to their "general environmental duty" to minimise the risk of causing environmental harm.

Environmental harm is defined by the Act as any adverse affect, or potential adverse affect whether temporary or permanent and of whatever magnitude, duration or frequency on an environmental value and includes environmental nuisance. Therefore, no person should cause any interference with the environment or amenity of the area by reason of the emission of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste products, grit, sediment, oil or otherwise, or cause hazards likely in the opinion of the Council to cause undue disturbance or annoyance to persons or affect property not connected with the use. **Approved Plans**







Document Set ID: 2661639 Version: 3, Version Date: 30/01/2019

Attachment 2–Planning Act 2016 extract on appeal rights

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) <u>Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016* states</u>
 - (a) Matters that may be appealed to -
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) The person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.

(Refer to Schedule 1 of the Planning Act 2016)

- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency 10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises – 20 business days after a notice us published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given – 30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal 20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note –

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt. It is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about-
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that-
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to –
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal ; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1 each principal submitter for the development application; and

- (d) for and appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2 each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court 2 business days after the appeal has started; or
 - (b) otherwise 10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
 - (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
 - (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
 - (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
 - (4) In this section
 - decision includes-
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision ; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
 - non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter-
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with the rules of the P&E Court.

Statement of Reasons

The following information is provided in accordance with section 63 of the Planning Act 2016.



| Development Application: | DBW19/0002 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Property Description: | Lot 122 on SP241468 |
| Property Address: | 10 Horsford Road, New Harbourline |
| Proposal: | Building Work Assessable Against a Planning Scheme for an Oversize Class 10a Shed including Boundary Setback Dispensation |
| Planning Scheme: | Cassowary Coast Regional Council Planning Scheme 2015 |
| Decision Date: | Approved with conditions on 29 January 2019 |

REASONS FOR DECISION

The size of the shed is considered appropriate given the large size of the lot (0.534 hectares). The shed will not impact on amenity, block light or ventilation to any habitable rooms and there is sufficient area on the lot to locate a dwelling in the future. It is not considered that the proposal will result in a detrimental impact on the neighbourhood or property.

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS

| Assessment Benchmarks: | State Planning Policy - | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| | Far North Queensland Regional Plan 2009-2031 | |
| | Cassowary Coast Regional Council Planning Scheme 2015 | |
| | Rural Residential Zone CodeDwelling House Code | |

COMPLIANCE WITH BENCHMARKS

| Assessment Benchmark | Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark | |
|--|--|--|
| Rural Residential Zone Code | | |
| A01.3▼ | Complies with PO1 | |
| Buildings and other structures are set back at least 5 metres from any side and rear boundaries. | The will be approx. 65m from the rear (eastern) property boundary and 3 from the side (southern) property boundary. The side setback is considered appropriate given the large size of the property. Moving the shed closer to the rear boundary will not block light or ventilation to any habitable rooms to the proposed house or the surrounding allotments. The position will have no impact on the privacy or amenity of the adjoining lots. | |

| A01.6▼ | Complies with PO1 |
|---|---|
| Class 10a buildings: | The size of the shed is considered appropriate |
| (a) cannot have a gross floor area greater than 150m2; | given the large size of the lot (0.534 hectares). The shed will not be detrimental to any neighbouring dwellings due to the size and there |
| (b) must be erected at the same time or subsequent to the construction of a Class 1- 9 Building on the lot. | is sufficient area on the lot to locate a dwelling in the future. It is not considered that the proposal will result in a detrimental impact on the amenity. |
| Dwelling House Code | |
| A01.2▼ | Complies with PO1 |
| Buildings and other structures in the rural residential zone are set back at least 5 metres from any side and rear boundaries. | The will be approx. 65m from the rear (eastern) property boundary and 3 from the side (southern) property boundary. The side setback is considered appropriate given the large size of the property. Moving the shed closer to the rear boundary will not block light or ventilation to any habitable rooms to the house or the surrounding allotments. The position will have no impact on the privacy or amenity of the adjoining lots. |